FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:44:51 ON 18 AUG 2004

=> file reg

=> d l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 15:45:20 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 226 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 226 ITERATIONS

105 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3 105 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> file ca

=> s 13

L4 2 L3

=> d ibib abs fhitstr hitrn 1-2

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 140:253457 CA TITLE: Quinolyl propyl piperidin COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
140:253457 CA
Quinolyl propyl piperidine derivatives, the
preparation thereof and compositions containing same,
useful as antimicrobials
Bacque, Eric; Bigot, Antony; El Ahmad, Youssef;
Malleron, Jean Luc; Mignani, Serge; Ronan, Baptiste;
Tabart, Michel; Viviani, Fabrice
Aventia Pharma SA, Fr.
Fr. Demande, 96 pp.
CODEN: FRXXBL
Dated: INVENTOR (S): PATENT ASSIGNEE (S): SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: DATE PATENT NO KIND PPLICATION NO. DATE 1268 A1 20040312 FR 2002-11213 20020911 1024713 A1 20040312 FR 2002-11213 20030910 AE, AG, AL, AU, BM, BB, BR, PS, PS, CA, CN, CO, CR, CU, DM, DZ, EC, CD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IM, IS, JP, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MA, MG, MK, MM, MK, NI, MO, NZ, OM, PO, PH, PL, RO, SC, SG, SY, TN, TT, UA, UZ, VC, VM, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, FR 2844268 WO 2004024713 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RG, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GM, GQ, GM, MM, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG US 2003-659095 FR 2002-11213 US 2004082610 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:253457

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

New 4-{3-(Quinol-4-yl)propyl}piperidine derivs. I are disclosed [wherein Rla = H, halo, OH, NH2, alkylamino, dialkylamino, hydroxyamino, alkoxyamino, or alkylalkoxyamino; Rlb = H, or RlaRlb = 0x0; R2 = C00H, CH2C02H, CH2OH; R3 = C1-6 alkyl substituted by: (un)substituted SPh

can include 1-4 substituents chosen from halo, OH, alkyl, alkoxy, CF3, CF3O, CO2H, alkyloxycarbonyl, cyano, or NH2], by 3- to 7-membered cycloalkylthio, or by 5- to 6-membered arom. heterocyclylthio comprising 1-4 N/o/S atoms and optionally substituted by halo, OH, alkyl, alkoxy, CF3, CF3O, COOH, alkyloxycarbonyl, cyano, or NH2; or R3 = propargyl substituted by: Ph (which can include 1-4 substituents chosen from halo, OH, alkyl, alkoxy, CF3, CF3O, CO2H, alkyloxycarbonyl, cyano, or NH2), by cycloalkyl contg. 3 - 7 members, or by 5- to 6-membered arom. heterocyclyl with 1-4 N/o/S atoms [and (un)substituted by halo, OH, alkyl, alkoxy,

CF3, CF30, COOH, alkyloxycarbonyl, cyano, or NH2]; R4 = C1-6 alkyl,

ANSWER 1 OF 2 CA COPPRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN (Continued)
reagent)
(intermediate; prepn. of quinolylpropyl piperidines as antimicrobial

agents)
669092-75-5P 669092-76-6P 669092-77-7P

65993-73-59 669092-76-69 669092-77-79
669992-78-8P
RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (intermediate: prepa. of quinolylpropyl piperidines as antimicrobial agents)
659092-79-99 669092-80-2P 669092-81-3P,
(3RS, 4RS)-4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-(tert-blutyloxycarbonyl)piperidine-3-carboxylpic acid 669092-82-4P,
Methyl (3RS, 4RS)-4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-(tert-blutyloxycarbonyl)piperidine-3-carboxylate 669092-90-4P
659092-91-5P 669092-92-6P
RL: RCT (Reactant): SPN (Synthetic preparation), PREP (Preparation); RAC

669092-91-5P 669092-92-6P RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (intermediate; prepn. of quinolylpropyl piperidines as antimicrobial

agents) 669092-93-7P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical

ical
process); PUR (Purification or recovery); PYP (Physical process); SPN
(Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);
PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
(prepn. of quinolylpropyl piperidines as antimicrobial agents)
669092-74-4P

No. yuy4-74-4P
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
(Uses)

(prepn. of quinolylpropyl piperidines as antimicrobial agents) 659092-97-1P

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PUR (Purification or recovery); PYP (Physical process); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

reagent)
(prepr. of quinoly)propy) piperidines as antimicrobial agents)
(REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

ANSWER 1 OF 2 CA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN (Continued) alkenyl-CH2, or alkynyl-CH2 (alkenyls or alkynyls comprises 2-6 C atoms), cycloalkyl, or cycloalkylakyl (cycloalkyls comprises 3-8 C atoms); including various isomers, enantiomeric and disasterocisomeric forms, mixts, and salts thereof). The novel derivs, are particularly

mixts, and saits thereof]. The novel derivs, are particularly interesting as antimicrobial agents. Two synthetic examples are given. For example, II was prepd, by alkylation of III.bul.HCl (prepn. given) with 2-(bromoethylsulfanyl)thiophene, followed by baoic hydrolysis. In vivo, compds. I were active against exptl. infections of mice by Staphylococcus aureus IP 8203 at 12-150 mg/kg s.c., and at 26-150 mg/kg orally. None of the compds. showed toxicity in mice at 100 mg/kg s.c.

RE: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES

es; {bactericide; prepn. of quinolylpropyl piperidines as antimicrobial

(bactericide; prepn. of quinolylpropyl piperidines as antimicrobial agents)

RN 669092-73-3 CA

CA 3-Piperidinecarboxylic acid,
4-[(3R)-3-(3-chloro-6-methoxy-4-quinolinyl)-3hydroxypropyl]-1-[2-[(2,5-difluorophenyl)thio]ethyl]-, (3R,4R)-rel- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

669092-73-1P 669092-86-8P 669092-87-9P 669092-80-0P 669092-80-0P 669092-80-0P 669092-94-8P, 4-[3-Hydroxy-3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-[2-(2,5-difluorophenylsulfanyl)ethyl]piperidine-3-carboxylic acid 669092-95-9P, 4-[3-Hydroxy-3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-[2-(2-thienylsulfanyl)ethyl]piperidine-3-carboxylic acid RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Usen)

(bactericide; prepn. of quinolylpropyl piperidines as antimicrobial

RE: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PUR (Purification or recovery); PYF (Physical process); RCT (Reactant); SPM (Synthetic preparation); PRFD (Preparation); PRFD (Process); RACT (Reactant or

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 136:386033 CA

136:386033 CA Heterocyclylalkyl piperidine derivatives, TITLE: particularly

4-[3-(quinolin-4-y1)propyl]piperidine-4-carboxylic scide, their preparation and compositions containing same, for use as antibacterials. Bacque, Eric; Carry, Jean-Christophe; El-Ahmad, Youssef; Evers, Michel; Hubert, Philippe; Malleron, Jean-Luc; Mignani, Serge; Pantel, Guy; Tabart,

WO 2001-PR3559

W 20011114

INVENTOR (S):

Michel:

Viviani, Fabrice Aventis Pharma S.A., Fr. PCT Int. Appl., 362 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Prench

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. KIND DATE DATE A2 A3 20020523 WO 2002040474 WO 2002040474 WO 2001-PR3559 20011114 WO 2002040474 À3 20021031

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA,
CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ,
GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP,
LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK,
PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, S1,
UU, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, AM, AZ,
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, SD, SL,
DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE,
BJ, CP, CO, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ,
FR 2816618 A1 20021227

FR 2816618 B1 20021227

FR 2816618 A5 20020527 A 20021031 . BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, EC, EE, ES, PI, GB, KB, KG, KP, KR, KZ, NM, MM, MX, MZ, NO, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, EY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, GM, ML, MR, NE, SN, PR 2000-14738 CA. CH. CN.
GD. GE. GH.
LC. LK. LR.
NZ. OM. PH.
TT. TZ. UA.
TJ. TM
BE. CH. CY.
SE. TR. BF.
TD. TG A1 B1 A5 A1 B2 20001115 FR 2816618 B1 20021227
AU 2002018365 A5 20020527 AU 2002-18365 20011114
US 2002111492 A1 20020815 US 2001-987386 20011114
US 6603005 B2 20030805
EE 200300207 A 20030815 EE 2003-207 20011114
EFP 1337529 A2 20030827 EP 2001-996538 20011114
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DN, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, FY, AL, TR
BR 2001015312 A 20030923 BR 2001-15312 20011114
JP 2004514661 T2 20040520 JP 2002-543464 20011114
NO 2003002287 A 20030626 NO 2003-2187 20030521
US 2004147518 A1 20040729 US 2003-607220 20030627
PRICRITY APPLN. INFO:: FR 2000-14738 A 2000115 US 2000-255145P P 20001214 US 2001-987386 A3 20011114

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 136:386033

ANSWER 2 OF 2 CA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN (Continued)

The invention concerns heterocyclylalkyl piperidine deriva. I, including their enantiomeric or diamatereoisomeric forms, or mixts. thereof, and/or their syn or anti forms, or mixts. thereof, and their salts [wherein X1, X2, X3, X4, and X5 = C(R'1), C(R'2), C(R'3), C(R'4), C(R'5), or one of X-groups (at most) = N; R1, R'1, R'2, R'3, R'4, R'5 = H, halo, alkyl, cycloalkyl, Ph, Phs, OH, heterocyclyl, cysno, CO2H, alkoxycarbonyl, (un)substituted NH2, etc.; R2 = CO2H, alkyloxycarbonyl, eycloalkyloxycarbonyl, cyono, CONRaRb, CH2OH, substituted alkyl, CF2-Rc, C(C(13)2-Rc, CORc, CH(OH)-Rc, C(cycloalkyl)-Rc, or CH:CH-Rc; Ra, Rb = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl-Ph, heterocyclyl; or NRRB = (un)substituted 5- or 6-membered heterocycle; Rc = CO2H, alkoxycarbonyl, cycloalkoxycarbonyl, CONRaRb, R3 = Ph, heterocyclyl, or NRBRb = (un)substituted 5- or 6-membered heterocycle; Rc = CO2H, alkoxycarbonyl, cycloalkoxycarbonyl, cycloalkyl, Proceedings of the control of t

11

cycloalkylidene; Re = H, F, OH, alkoxy, cycloalkoxy, CO2H,

alkoxycarbonyl, and n = 0-4; wherein the radicals or Ph or heterocyclyl portions mentioned above can optionally be substituted]. Approx. 60 compds. were prepd., 5 were specifically claimed, and many more names

listed. Por instance, Pd-complex-catalyzed coupling of 4-ally1-4-Cbz-1-BOC-piperidine with 4-bromo-3-chloro-6-methoxyquinoline (prepns. of both compds. given), followed by removal of the BOC group

CF3CO2H, N-alkylation with 2-[(2-bromoethyl)thiolthiophene, and hydrolysis

of the benzyl ester (Cbz) in aq. HCl, gave title compd. II as the di-HCl salt. I are active against both gram-pos. and gram-neg. bacteria. I

active against exptl. infection of mice with Staphylococcus aureus IP8203 at 18-150 mg/kg s.c., or 20-150 mg/kg orally. None of the compds. showed

ANSWER 2 OF 2 CA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN (Continued)
426841-99-8P, 4-{3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl}-1heptylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid sodium salt 426842-00-4P,
4-{3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl}-1-[2(cyclopentylthiolethyl]piperidine-4-carboxylic acid dihydrochloride
426842-01-5P, 4-{3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl}-1-[2[(thien-2-yl)thiolethyl]-4-piperidine-4-carboxyliropyl]-1-[2(cyclopentylthio)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)propyl-1-2(cyclopentylthio)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)methanol 426842-03-FP,

[4-[3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-y1)propy1]-1-(3-phenylpropy1)piperidin-4-y1]methanol 426842-09-3P, 4-[3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-y1)propy1]-1-[2-(2,3,5-trifluorophenoxy)ethy1]piperidine-4-carboxylic

426842-32-2P, 4-[3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-[2-(3,5-difluorophenoxy)ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxamide 426842-13-3P, 4-[3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-[cinnamyl]piperidine-4-carboxylic acid sodium salt 426842-34-4P, 4-[3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-[2-(3,5-difluorophenoxy)ethyl]-4-piperidineacetic acid 426842-35-9P, [4-[3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-[2-(2,5-difluorophenoxy)ethyl]piperidin-4-yl)pacetic acid 426842-52-6P, 4-[3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-[2-(yc)quinolyethyl)piperidin-4-carboxylic acid 426842-53-7P, 4-[3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)-3-[R, S)-

fluoropropyl]-1-{2-{(2,5-difluorophenyl)thio]ethyl)piperidine-4-carboxylic acid 42642-54-89, 4-{3-(3-(hloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)-3-(R,S)-fluoropropyl)-1-{2-(2,5-difluorophenoxylethyl)piperidine-4-carboxylic acid 42642-55-99, 4-{3-(3-(hloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl)-1-{2-(thiazol-2-yloxy)ethyl)piperidine-4-carboxylic acid 42642-60-69, 4-{3-(3-(hloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl)-1-{3-phenylpropyl)piperidine-4-hydroxamic acid 42642-65-19, 4-{3-(3-(hloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl)-1-{2-{(thien-2-yl)thio]ethyl)piperidine-4-carboxylic acid RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity): PAC (Pharmacological

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN (Continued)
toxicity in mice at 100 mg/kg s.c. (2 administrations).

IT 42884-95-4P, 4-[3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-y1)propyl]-1-[2(3,5-difluorophenoxy)ethyl]piperidin-4-carboxylic acid
RD: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological
activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); RACT (Reactant or
resgent); USSS (Usea)
(drug candidate; prepn. of quinolinylpropylpiperidinecarboxylic acids
as antibacterials.)

RN 42684-195-4 CA
CN 4-Piperidinecarboxylic acid,
4-13-(3-chloro-6-methoxy-4-quinolinyl)propyl]1-[2-(3,5-difluorophenoxy)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

426841-95-4P, 4-[3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-[2-(3,5-difluorophenoxy)ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxylic acid
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological
activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic
use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or
reagent); USES (Uses)
(drug candidate; prepn. of quinolinylpropylpiperidinecarboxylic acide
as antihacterials.)
426841-94-3P, 4-[3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-[2[(thien-2-yl)thoj]ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxylic acid dihydrochloride
426841-95-5P, 4-[3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-(2cyclohexylethyl)piperidine-4-carboxylic acid 426841-97-6P,

4-[3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-(3-phenylpropyl)piperidine-4-carboxylic acid dihydrochloride 42684.98-7P, 4-[3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-[2-[(pyridin-2-yl)thio]ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxylic acid trihydrochloride

ANSWER 2 OP 2 CA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN (Continued) activity), SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (drug candidate; prepn. of quinolinylpropylpiperidinecarboxylic acids as antibacterials.)
426842-65-29, Benzyl 4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-[2-([thien-2-yl)thio]ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxylate 426842-67-3P, Benzyl 4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]piperidine-4-carboxylate 426842-68-4P, Benzyl 4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-(Tett-butyloxycarbonyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate 426842-73-1P, Benzyl 4-[3-(3-chloro-6-

methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-[2-(3,5-difluorophenoxy)ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxylate 426842-74-2P, Benzyl 4-[3-(3-chloro-6-

methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-(2-cyclohexylethyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate
426842-75-3P, Benzyl 4-(3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]1-(3-phenylpropyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate 426842-75-4P, Ethyl
4-(3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-[2-([pyridin-2-yl)thio]ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxylate 426842-75-P, Ethyl
4-(3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]piperidine-4-carboxylate
hydrochloride 426842-78-6P, Ethyl 4-(3-(3-chloro-6methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-(tert-butyloxycarbonyl)piperidine-4carboxylate 426842-78-P, Benzyl 4-(3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]1-(2-(cyclopentylthio)ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxylate
426842-80-0P, Ethyl 4-(3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]1-(2-(cyclopentylthio)ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxylate 426842-88-8P,
Benzyl 4-(3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-[2-(2,3-5trifluorophenoxyl)ethyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate 426842-89-3P,
Benzyl 4-(3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]piperidine-4carboxylate hydrochloride 426842-31-3P, Benzyl 4-(3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-(2-(5-6-difluorophenoxy)ethyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate 426842-79-P,
Benzyl 4-(3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-(2-(5-6-difluorophenoxy)ethyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate 426842-79-P,
Benzyl 4-(3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-(2-(5-6-difluorophenoxy)ethyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate 426842-79-P,
Benzyl 4-(3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-(2-(5-6-difluorophenoxy)ethyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate 426842-99-1P,
Benzyl 4-(3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-(2-(5-6-difluorophenoxy)ethyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate 426842-99-1P,
Benzyl 4-(3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-(2-((5-6-difluorophenoxy)ethyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate 426842-91-1P,
Benzyl 4-(3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-(2-((thiazol-2-yl)thiolethyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate 426842-91-1P,
Benzyl 4-(3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-(2-((thiazol-2-yl)thiolethyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate 426842-91-1P,
Benzyl 4-(3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-

yl)thio]ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxylate 42643-02-99, Ethyl

4-[3-(1-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-(2-chloroethyl)piperidine4-carboxylate 42643-03-09, Ethyl 4-[3-(3-chloro-6methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate
42643-04-19, [4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)-3-(R, s)hydroxypropyl]piperidin-4-yl]methanol dihydrochloride 42643-05-29,
tert-Butyl 4-(tert-butyl)dimethylalianyloxymethyl)-4-[3-chloro-6methoxyquinolin-4-yl)-3-(R, s)-hydroxypropyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate
42643-06-39, tert-Butyl 4-(tert-butyl)dimethylsilanyloxymethyl)-4[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate
42643-07-49, tert-Butyl 4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate
42643-07-49, tert-Butyl 4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate
42643-09-49, tert-Butyl 4-(3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)-3-(R, s)-fluoropropyl]-1-(3phenylpropyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate 42643-09-8, Methyl
4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)-3-(R, s)-hydroxypropyl]-1-(3phenylpropyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate 42643-19-9, Benzyl
4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)-3-(R, s)-hydroxypropyl)-1-(3phenylpropyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate 42643-19-9, Benzyl
4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)-3-(R, s)-hydroxypropyl)-1-(3phenylpropyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate 42643-17-69

LA ANSWER 2 OF 2 CA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN (Continued)
Methyl

4.[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)-3-(R,S)-fluoropropyl]-1-[2[3,5-difluorophenoxy]ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxylate 426843-18-79
Methyl 4.[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)-3-(R,S)-hydroxypropyl]-1[2-(3,5-difluorophenoxy]ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxylate
426843-20-19, Ethyl 4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1[1-(innamyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate 426843-21-29, Methyl
[4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-[2-(3,5difluorophenoxy)ethyl]piperidin-4-yl]acetate 426843-22-39,
Methyl (4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]piperidin-4yl]acetate 42683-23-49, tert-Butyl 4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)
methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-4-(cyanomethyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate
426843-24-59, fert-Butyl 4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)
yl)propyl]-4-(methanesulfonyloxy)methyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate
426843-24-59, Methyl (4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)
yl)propyl]-1-[2-(2,5-difluorophenoxy)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)propyl]-1[2-(pyridin-2-yloxy)ethyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate 426843-47-29=\*\*,
Methyl 4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1[(2,5-difluorophenoxy)ethyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate
426843-49-9, Methyl 4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)-3(R,S)-hydroxypropyl)-1-[2-((2,5-difluorophenyl)thiolethyl]piperidine-4-carboxylate
ethoxyquinolin-4-yl)-3-(R,S)-fluorophenyl)thiolethyl]piperidine-4-carboxylate
(2,5-difluorophenoxy)ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxylate 426843-50-79,
Methyl
4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)-3-(R,S)-hydroxypropyl]-1-[2-(2,5-difluorophenoxy)ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxylate 426843-51-9P
Methyl 4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)-3-(R,S)-hydroxypropyl]-1-(tertbutyloxycarbonyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate 426843-53-9P, Methyl
4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)-3-(R,S)-hydroxypropyl]-1-(tertbutyloxycarbonyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate 426843-53-9P, Methyl
4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)-3-(R,S)-hydroxypropyl]-1-(tertbutyloxycarbonyl)piperidine-4-carboxylate 426843-53-9P, Me yloxy)ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxylate 426843-59-69,

4-(3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]-1-(3-phenylpropyl)piperidine4-carboxylic acid tert-butoxyamide 426843-60-99, Ethyl
4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]piperidine-4-carboxylate
426843-63-29, [4-[3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]piperidin-4-yl]propyl]piperidin-4-yl]propyl]piperidin-4-yl]propyl]piperidin-4-yl]propyl]piperidin-4-yl]propyl]piperidin-4-yl]propyl]piperidin-4-yl]propyl]piperidin-4-yl]propyl]piperidin-4-jpiperidin-4-jpiperidin-4-jpiperidin-4-jpiperidin-4-carboxylic acid addium salt 436843-643, Methyl 4-[3-(3-chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]piperidin-4-carboxylate dihydrochloride 426843-66-5, 4-[3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]piperidin-4-carboxylate dihydrochloride 426843-66-5, 4-[3-(3-Chloro-6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)propyl]piperidin-4-carboxylic acid
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
[precursor; prepn. of quinolinylpropylpiperidinecarboxylic acids as u : RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(precursor; prepn. of quinolinylpropylpiperidinecarboxylic acids as antibacterials.)

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN (Continued)

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 10 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 140:357326 MARPAT
TITLE: Preparation of oxazolidin-2-ones as antisathmatics
INVENTOR(S): Jin, Jian; Kerns, Jeffrey K.; Wang, Peng; Wang, Yonghui Smithkline Beecham Corporation, USA PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: English LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: KIND DATE PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. DATE WO 2003-US31795 20031007
BZ, CA, CN, CO, CR, CU, DM, DZ, EC,
IN, IS, JP, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, UT,
MZ, OM, PH, PL, RO, SC, SG, TN, TT,
AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE,
FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC,
BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ,

US 2002-416818P 20021007

The title compds. [I; n, m = 0-1; p = 1-3;  $\Lambda r = (un)$  substituted quinolinyl, [1,5] naphthyridinyl, pyridinyl; R = alkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, phenylalkyl, etc.] which are useful for inhibiting the chemokine receptor nominated CCR8 (no data given), resulting in treatment of diseases such AB

asthma and the like, were prepd. E.g., a 4-step synthesis of 5-(6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)-2-[1-(naphthalen-2-ylmethyl)piperidin-4-yl]oxazolidin-2-one, starting from 6-methoxy-4-oxiranylquinoline and tert-Eu 4-minopiperidine-1-carboxylate, was given. The pharmaceutical compn. comprising the compd. I is claimed.

ANSWER 2 OF 10 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

140:253457 MARRAT

Quinolyl propyl piperidine derivatives, the preparation thereof and compositions containing same, useful as antimicrobials

ENTOR(S): Bacque. Fric. Bigot. Antony; El Ahmad, Youssef; Malleron, Jean Luc; Mignani, Serge; Ronan, Baptiste; Tabart, Michel; Viviani, Fabrice

AVentis Pharma SA, Fr.

Fr. Demande, 96 pp.

CODEN: FRXXBL

MENT TYPE: Patent ACCESSION NUMBER: TITLE: INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: French FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE FR 2844268 WO 2004024713 TM RN: GH, GM, KE, LS, MN, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, FT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG GW, ML, M US 2004082610 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

New 4-[3-(Quinol-4-y1)propyl]piperidine deriva. I are disclosed [wherein R1a = H, halo, OH, NR2, alkylamino, dialkylamino, hydroxyamino, alkoxyamino, or alkylalkoxyamino; R1b = H, or RlaR1b = oxo; R2 = COOH, CH2CO2H, CH2OH; R3 = C1-6 alkyl substituted by: [un]substituted SPh

ch can include 1-4 substituents chosen from halo, OH, alkyl, alkoxy, CF3, CF30, CO2H, alkyloxycarbonyl, cyano, or NN2], by 3- to 7-membered cycloalkylthio, or by 5- to 6-membered arom. heterocyclylthio comprising 1-4 N/o/S atoms and optionally substituted by halo, OH, alkyl, alkoxy, CF3, CF30, COOH, alkyloxycarbonyl, cyano, or NN2; or R3 = propargyl substituted by: P1 (which can include 1-4 substituents chosen from halo, OH, alkyl, alkoxy, CF3, CF30, COOH, alkyloxycarbonyl, cyano, or NN2], by cycloalkyl contg. 3 -7 members, or by 5- to 6-membered arom. heterocyclyl with 1-4 N/o/S atoms [and (un)substituted by halo, OH, alkyl, alkoxy,

CP30, COOH, alkyloxycarbonyl, cyano, or NH2]; R4 = C1-6 alkyl, alkenyl-CH2, or alkynyl-CH2 (alkenyls or alkynyls comprises 2-6 C atoms), cycloalkyl, or cycloalkylakyl (cycloalkyls comprises 3-8 C atoms); including various isomers, enatiomeric and disaterceisomeric forms, mixts, and salts thereof). The novel derivs, are particularly creating

interesting as antimicrobial agents. Two synthetic examples are given. For example,

Page 6

ANSWER 1 OF 10 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN (Continued)

alkyl<(1-6)> (SR G8)
 pyridyl (SO (1-) G18) / 266

= alkoxy<(1-6)> / Cl

claim 1 or pharmaceutically acceptable salts

ANSWER 2 OF 10 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN (Continued) II was prepd. by alkylation of III.bul.HCl (prepn. given) with 2-(bromeethylsulfanyl)thiophene, followed by basic hydrolysis. In vivo, compds. I were active against exptl. infections of mice by Staphylococcus areus IP 8203 at 12-150 mg/kg a.c., and at 26-150 mg/kg orally. None of the compds. showed toxicity in mice at 100 mg/kg a.c.

G4

HC---G1

claim 1 and salts isomers, enantiomers, and diastereoisomers

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L5 ANSMER 3 OF 10 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:
TITLE: Preparation of N-(1,5-naphthyridin-4-yl)piperidine-4carboxamide derivatives as antibacterial agents
Davies, David Thomas; Jones, Graham Elgin; Markwell,
Roger Edward; Pearson, Neil David
SOURCE: SOURCE: STATEMENT OF TITLE APPL, 97 pp.

COEM: PIXXD2
Patent DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: DATE PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. DATE KIND 20020725 WO 2003010138 WO 2003010138 A2 A3 20030206 WO 2002-EP8319 WO 2003010138 A3 20031204

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CC, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, II, IM, IS, JP, KR, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MM, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VM, YU, ZA, ZM, ZM, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RT, TJ, TM

RN: GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZM, AT, BE, DG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EB, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, TE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BP, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

EF 141155 A2 20040519

R: AT, BE, CII, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO::

GI GI The title piperidine deriva. [I; one of 21-25 is N, one is CRIs and the remainder are CH, or one or two of 21-25 are independently CRI a and the remainder are CH, RI, RIA = H, HO, C1-6 alkoxy optionally substituted by (un)substituted C1-6 alkoxy, amino, piperidyl, guandino or amidino, C1-4 alkoxy, -1 halo, C1-6 alkyl, C1-6 alkyl AB CO2H, C1-6 alkoxycarbonyl, (un)substituted CONH2, cyano, tetrazolyl, (un)substituted 2-oxooxazolidinyl, 3-hydroxy-3-cyclobutene-1,2-dione-4-yl, L5 ANSWER 3 OF 10 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN (Continued) 8¥ G9 = 110-5 107-71 110-244 109-6 G17 = 191-2 195-4 1910) -G18 G18 - (0-1) CH2 claim 1 substitution is restricted additional ring formation also claimed also incorporates claim 13 MPL: NTE: NTE: and precursors or pharmaceutically acceptable derivatives

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ANSWER 3 OF 10 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN (Continued) 2,4-thiazolidinedione-5-yl. tetrazol-5-ylaminocarbonyl, (un)substituted 1,2,4-triazol-5-yl, 5-oxo-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl, (un)substituted C1-4
                                       or ethenyl, halogen, C1-6 alkylthio, CF3, C1-6 alkoxycarbonyl, C1-6 alkylcarbonyl, C2-6 alkenylcarbonyl, C2-6 alkenylcarbonyl, C1-6 alkylcarbonyl, C2-6 alkenylcarbonyl, C1-6 alkylcarbonyl, C1-6 alkyl, C
    0,1;
                                           AB = (un) substituted NHCO, CONH, COCH2, CH2CO, OCH2, CH2O, NHCH2, CH2NH, NHSO2, CH2 SO2, CH2CH2] and pharmaceutically acceptable derivs, thereof are prepd. These compds. are useful in methods of treatment of bacterial infections in mammals, particularly man. Thus, 0.10 g
4-(6-methoxy-[1,5]naphthyridin-4-ylcarbamoyl)-4-methylpiperidine and
                                       5
g - (3-0xo-3,4-dihydro-3H-benzo[1,4]thiazin-6-yl)ethyl methanesulfonate were stirred with 138 mg K2CO3 in 2 mL DMF at room temp, for 3 days to give 4-methyl-1-[2-(3-0xo-3,4-dihydro-2H-benzo[1,4]thiazin-6-yl)ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [6-methoxy-[1,5]naphthyridin-4-yl]amide [1]. Il oxalate showed min. inhibitory conc. of ltoreq. 4. mu.g/mL against Staphylcoccus aureus Oxford, S. aureus MCUH29, S. pneumoniae 1629, S. pneumoniae N187, S. pneumoniae ERY 2, Enteroccus faecalis I, E. faecalis 7, Haemophilus influenze Q1, H. influenzae
NEMC1,
Moraxella catarrhalis 1502, and Escherichia coli 7623.
                                                                          alkoxy<(1-6)> (SO) / Cl
22-1 19-3 14-66 15-67
L5 ANSWER 4 OF 10
ACCESSION NUMBER:
TITLE:
TITLE:
INVENTOR(S):

MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
18:14011 MARPAT
18:14011 MARP
                                                                                                                                                                                                              Neil David
Smithkline Beecham P.L.C., UK
    PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
    SOURCE:
                                                                                                                                                                                                              PCT Int. Appl., 71 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2
LANGUAGE:
PATENT
PATENT
INFORMATION:

CUDEN:
Patent
PATENT
INFORMATION:
                                                                                                                                                                                   KIND DATE
                                           PATENT NO.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                                                        202096907 A1 20201205 W0 2002-EP5709 20202524
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, YZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, Tu, II, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MB, MG, MK, NN, MM, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ,
                                           WO 2002096907
  TM
                                       RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZM, AT, BE, CH,
CY, DE, DK, ES, PI, PR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR,
BP, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GM, GG, GW, ML, ME, NE, SN, TD, TG
EP 1392686 Al 20040303 EP 2002-774022 20020524
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, SI, LT, LV, PI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
GB 2001-12836 20010525
RITY APPLN. INFO.:

WO 2002-EP5709 20020524
  IE, SI, L'
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
```

ANSWER 4 OF 10 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN (Continued)

Piperidine derivs. and pharmaceutically acceptable derivs. [I; wherein

of Z1, Z2, Z3, Z4, Z5 = N, one is CR2 (wherein R2 = H, OH, (C1-C6)alkoxy, etc.) and the remainder are CH, or one of Z1, Z2, Z3, Z4, Z5 = CR2 and

remainder are CH; R3 = H, carboxy, (C1-C6)alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, cyano, tetrazolyl, etc.; R4 = U-V-R5, wherein U-V = (CH2)2, CH2CH(OH), CH2CO, and R5 is a (substituted) bicyclic carbocyclic or heterocyclic

system] were prepd. For example, II was prepd. by a multistep synthetic procedure. The prepd. compds. are useful in the treatment of bacterial infections in mammals, particularly man. For example, compd. II had MIC values .ltoreq.4 .mu.g/mL against S. aureus Oxford.

MSTR 1

= alkoxy<(1-6) > (SO) / Cl

LS ANSWER 5 OF 10 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
TITLE:
INVENTOR(S):
Deuble, John; Davis, L. Navell; Hellwig, Karin;
Kirby, Neil; Parker, Marehall H.; Pieczko, Mary;
Thomason, Lori K.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
USA
SOURCE:
USA, 13 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
PATENT ACC. NUM. COUNT:
1

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE US 6117884
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A 20000912 APPLICATION NO. DATE US 1997-904282 19970733 US 1997-904282 19970733

Title compds. [I; X = CR5; Y = CR51; Z = O, S, SO, SO2, NR6, CR7R8; R1-R4 = H, OH, NO2, halo, iodo, alkyl, alkoxy, haloalkyl, etc.; V = CR7R8; A = (unsatd.) (substituted) (heteroatom-interrupted) hydrocarbyl, cycloalkyl, Ph, furyl, pyriadyl, pyrimdinyll, naphthyl, pyrazolyl, etc.; R5 = H, Cl, Me; R51 = H, Cl, Br; R6 = H, alkyl, acyl; R7, R8 - H, alkyl, alkenyl, acyl, cyano, OH; R7R8C = carbocyclyll, were prepd. Thus, 4-bromomethyl-8-chloroquinoline was stirred overnight with NaH and 4-fluorophenol in THF to give 51.24 4-[4-fluorophenoxy]methyl]-8-chloroquinoline. Several I at 6.25-400 ppm gave 50-1004 control of Erysiphe graminis on wheat seedlings.

= C1 = alkoxy<(1-4)> (SO (1-) G18) = CH2CH2 = pyridyl (SO)

Page 8

ANSWER 4 OF 10 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS ON STN = 22-1 19-3 14-66 15-67 (Continued)

84 -G1

**= 110-5 107-71 109-6** 

G17 = 191-2 195-4

G18 MPL: NTE: NTE: NTE: NTE:

= (0-1) CH2 claim 1 substitution is restricted additional ring formation also claimed also incorporates claim 13 and precursors or pharmaceutically acceptable derivatives

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE 2

FORMAT

ANSWER 5 OF 10 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN = CH2 (SO) or acid addition salts or N-oxides disclosure

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSMER 6 OF 10
ACCESSION NUMBER:
1111LE:
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
COEM:
DOCUMENT TYPE:

MARPAT
112:293679 MARPAT
112:293679 MARPAT
112:293679 MARPAT
Preparation of naphthyridines and their azaisosteric analogues as antibacterials
Hatton, Ian Keith; Pearson, Neil David
SOURCE:
COEM: PIXXD2
PCT. Int. Appl., 38 pp.
COEM: PIXXD2
Patent
Patent DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: MO 2000021948 A1 20000420 ND 1999-GB1366 19991011
W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, RA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, CH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, HD, MG, MK, MN, MM, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SI, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UC, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RM: GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GM, GM, MI, MR, NR, SN, TD, TG
AU 9961146 A1 20000501 AU 1999-61146 19991011
EP 1127057 A1 20010829 EP 1999-947781 19991011
FR: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
JP 2003257431 T2 20020827 JP 200357654 19991011
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO:

US 2001-32403 GB 1998-22450 WO 1999-GB3366 US 2000-807275

20011220 19981014 19991011 20000508

GI

AB The title compds. [I; one of Z1-Z5 - N and the remainder are CH; R1 - H, OH, alkoxy, etc.; either R2 - H, and R3 is in the 2- or 3-position and is H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; or R3 is in the 3-position and R2 and R3 together

L5 ANSWER 7 OF 10 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 126:74755 MARPAT
TITLE: Preparation and formulation of 4-(3-amino-2-hydroxypropoxy)indoles and analogs as 5-HTIA receptor ligands INVENTOR(S):

ligands
Krushinski, Joseph H., Jr.; Rasmusaen, Kurt; Rocco,
Vincent P.; Schaue, John M.; Thompson, Dennis C.
Eli Lilly and Company, USA
U.S., 63 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No.
383,823,8abandoned.
CODEN: USXXAM
Patent
English PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

	PA'	rent :	NO.		KI	ND	DATE						ON N		DATE			
	Us	5576	321		A	-	1996	1119							1995	0606		
		2210																
	WO	9622	290		A:	1	1996	0725		We	19	96-U	S41		1996	0111		
		W:	AL,	AM,	AU,	AZ,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CN,	CZ,	ĒE,	FI,	GE,	HU,	IS
			JP.	KE.	KG.	KP.	KR.	KZ.	LK.	LR.	LS.	LT.	LV.	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN.	MW
															TR.			
				US														
		RW:	KE.	LS.	MW.	SD.	SZ.	UG.	BP.	BJ.	CF.	CG.	CI.	CM.	GA,	GN,	ML.	MR
				SN,														
	ΑU	9646	516	-	A.	1	1996	0807		A	J 19	96-4	6516		1996	0111		
	ΑU	7188	75		В:	2	2000	0420										
	BR	9607	077		A		1997	1118		BI	R 19	96-7	077		1996	0111		
		1178																
	JP	1051	2861		T	2	1998	1208		J	P 19	96-5	2228	2	1996	0111		
		7229																
		7229																
										GB.	GR.	IE.	IT.	LI.	LU.	NL.	PT.	SE
	NO	9703																
		9703																
PRI		APP																
										U	5 19	95-4	6890	0	1995	0606		
															1996			
GI												0						

Title compds. [I; A = stoms to complete an N-contg. heterocyclic ring; R1 = (CH2)rCHR2CH2(CH2)aR; R = alkylamino, azinylamino, N-attached heterocyclyl, etc.; R2 = H, OH, OMe, Ph; r = 0-4; s = 0-1] were prepd. as

Page 9

ANSWER 6 OP 10 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN (Continued) are a divalent :CR6R7 (wherein R6 and R7 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc.); R4 = CH2R5 (R5 = alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, etc.); n = 0-2; A, B = NR8, O, SOX, etc.; x = 0-2; R8 = H, CF3, alkyl, etc.] and their pharmaceutically acceptable deriva. useful in the treatment of bacterial infections in mammals, particularly in man, were prepd. E.g., a multi-step synthesis of (3R,4S)-I [21-24 = CH; Z5 = N; R1 = OMe; A = N(Me); B = CH2; n = 1; R2 = CH:CH2; R3 = H; R4 = n-heptyl) which showed MIC of 0.5 :mu.g/ml. against S. aureus Oxford, M. catarrhalia Ravasio and S. pneumoniae, was given.

MSTR 1

91 179 928

- 211-91 216-92

- alkoxy<(1-6)> (SO G3) / C1 - Ak<BC (2-) C, BD (0-) D (0) T> (SO (1-) G37) - 114

**611** 

G33 - 11

-G2 ي 11

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts

claim 1 also incorporates claim 8, structure IV

11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

ANSWER 7 OF 10 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN (Continued) 5-HT1A receptor ligands (no data). Thus, (S)-4-oxiranylmethoxy-1H-indole was aminated by 4-amino-1-benzylpiperidine to give title compd. (S)-II.

= alkyl<(1-4)> (SR G17) = alkoxy<(1-3)> / Cl = 128 / quinolinyl (SO (1-4) G11)

or pharmaceutically acceptable salts claim 1 substitution is restricted

L5 ANSMER 8 OF 10 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 112:35356 MARPAT
CUINcline derivatives useful as fungicides,
insecticides, and miticides
Coghlan, Michael J.; Dreikorn, Barry A.; Jourdan,

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

P.; Suhr, Robert G. DowElanco, USA U.S., 19 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 150,103, abandoned. SOURCE:

CODEN: USXXAM Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: English LANGUAGE:

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	AP	PLICATION NO.	DATE
	US 5296484	A	19940322	US	1989-325734	19890320
	AU 8928748	A1	19890803	AU	1989-28748	19890124
	AU 626280	B2	19920730			
	ZA 8900624	A	19891227	ZA	1989-624	19890126
	DK 8900364	A	19890730	DK	1989-364	19890127
	FI 8900422	A	19890730	FI	1989-422	19890127
	CN 1034924	A	19890823	CN	1989-100470	19890127
	BR 8900355	A	19890919	BR	1989-355	19890127
	JP 01246264	A2	19891002	JP	1989-19401	19890127
	HU 49789	A2	19891128	HU	1989-424	19890127
	HU 206950	В	19930301			
PRIO	RITY APPLN.	INPO.:		US	1988-150103	19880129

Title compds. I [R1-R4 = H, halo, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, NO2, NH2 (at least 2 of which = H); 1 of X and Y = CR5; other = N, CR5;

= H, Me, Cl; Z = O, NR6, S, SO, SO2, CR7R8; R6 = H, alkyl, acyl; R7, R8 = H, alkyl, acyl; or R7R8 form (un)satd. carbocycle; R9, R10 = H, alkyl, substituted Ph, cycloalkyl, OH, halo, Ac; or R9R10 form (un)satd. carbocycle; or 1 or both or R7 and R8 can form multiple bonds with 1 or both of R9 and R10; Ar = (un)substituted cycloalkyl, Ph, naphthyl,

certain

certain
heterocyclyl; with provisos] are useful as plant fungicides,
insecticides,
and miticides. Approx. 100 compds. were prepd. and tested. For example,

L5 ANSWER 9 OF 10 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 120:107024 MARPAT TITLE: Preparation of heterocyclic derivatives as

angiotensin

INVENTOR (S):

II antagonists Oku, Teruo; Setoi, Hiroyuki; Kayakiri, Hiroshi;

Shigeki: Inque, Takavuki: Sawada, Yuki: Kuroda, Akio:

Tanaka, Hirokazu
Pujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan
PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

DOCUMENT TYPE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE

WO 9316071 A1 19930819 WO 1993-JP133 19930203

W: CA, JP, KR, US

RW: AT. BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, PR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE

JP 07508502 T2 19950921 JP 1993-513943 19930203

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 1992-2633 19920207

WO 1993-JP133 19930203 PATENT NO.

Title compds. I (R = quinolyl or naphthyridinyl which may have substituents; R1 = H, halo, OZN, alkyl, alkoxy, (acyl)amino; R2-R4 = H, halo, OZN, NC, alkyl, alkylthio, mono-trinloalkyl, oxoalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, (esterified) carboxy; R2R3 = 1,3-butadienylene; R5 = H, imino-protective group; A = alkylene; O, X = HC, N; Y = HN, O, S; n = 0, 1) or a salt thereof, useful as angiotensin II antagonists (no data), are prepd. NaH was added to 4-hydroxy-2-methylquinoline in DMF followed by 1-(4-bromomethylphenyl)-4-chloropyrrole-2-carbonitrile to give 4-(4-(4-thoro-2-cyano-1-pyrnolyl)benzyloxyl-2-methylquinoline which was treated with Me3SnN3 to give the title compd. II.

L5 ANSWER 8 OF 10 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN (Continued) etherification of 2-PC6H4CMHeON with 4.7-dichloroquinoline using NaH in DMF at 160.degree. gave title compd. II. In tests against 8 phytopathogens, II gave 90-100% control of 3 species (e.g., Puccinia recondita tritici) at 100 ppm, and of 2 more at 400 ppm. A few I also showed insecticial and/or acericidal activity against, e.g, Spodoptera eridania or Tetranychus urticae.

alkoxy<(1-4)> (SO (1-) G2)

-/- (80 (1-) - alkylene<(2-)> (50 G12)
- pyridyl (50 (1-) G15)
- N
- 18

18

or acid addition salts or N-oxides claim 1 DER:

MPL: also incorporates disclosure

L5 ANSWER 9 OF 10 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN (Continued)

= quinolinyl (SO (1-) G25) = 92-2 90-4

= alkylene<(1-6)>
= C1 / alkoxy<(1-6)>
= 134 <EC (1-6) C, BD (ALL) SE>
and pharmaceutically acceptable salts
claim 1

L5 ANSWER 10 OF 10 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
TITLE: Hepatitis or pancreatitis inhibitors containing
11 '0xo' 7-thia-10-azespiro[5,6]dodecane derivatives
NAKAhara, Kunio
PATENT ASSIGNEE(5):
SOURCE: COEN: JKXXAP
DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Patent
ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

LANGUAGE: J FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE

JP 05078250 A2 19930330
PRIORITY APPIN. INFO.:
GI APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 1991-313002 JP 1991-313002 19910918 19910918

Hepatitis or pancreatitis inhibitors contain the title derivs. I [R1 = (un)substituted aryl-lower alkyl, R2 = H, (un)substituted lower alkyl, Q; A = lower alkylene; X = halo; Y = CH2CH2, 1,2-C6H4; n = 0, 1, 2] or their pharmaceutically acceptable salts as active ingredients. [13,65] -1 phenylmethyl-10-(3-pyridylmethyl)-11-cxo-7-thia-10-azaspiro[5,6]dodecane 7,7-dioxide [II] at 32 mg/kg p.o., administered to rats 3 h before and after i.p. injection of D-galactosamine, lowered the serum GOP and GPT values from 8030 and 5132 IU/L to 4568 and 2593 IU/mL, reep. in controls. A tablet (90 mg) contg. II 46, Ca CM-cellulose 3, hydroxypropyl cellulose 1, Mg stearate 2.5 mg, and cryst. cellulose balance was prepd.

KSTR 1

= loweralkyl (SO (1-) G5)

ANSWER 10 OF 10 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

- pyridyl (SO (1-) G6) / quinolinyl (SO (1-) G6)

- X / loweralkoxy

or pharmaceutically acceptable walts

claim 1 (Continued)

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:44:51 ON 18 AUG 2004)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:44:57 ON 18 AUG 2004

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L2 1 S L1 SAM

L3 105 S L1 FULL

FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 15:45:22 ON 18 AUG 2004

L4 2 S L3

FILE 'MARPAT' ENTERED AT 15:45:56 ON 18 AUG 2004

L5 10 S L1 FULL

=>

---Logging off of STN---

=>

Executing the logoff script...

=> LOG Y

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 15:46:51 ON 18 AUG 2004